TERMS OF THE DAILY. On and after November 1st, the price of the Daily Berald will be as follows: To carriers, agents and news dealers per copy30 To regular subscribers, when elivered by car-

#12 per annum will be charged, but if not paid in advance 25 cents per week will be towariably the price.

If p'All letters, whether for publication or on business, must be addressed to "Hall & Hutchiv.on," Indianapolis, THE I SPIANAPORES DATLY HERALD IS SOUT by all the early

of the day from six to twelve hours before they can re-ceive it through papers published elsewhere. The paper can be had of news-dealers and carriers at any of the railroad towns on the roads centering at Indianapolis.

Rates of Advertising.

1m 5.00 5.25 13.50 17.75 92.00 16.35 30.50 34 75 39.00 milil not selve 39 00/33.00 47 00 16 00 65 00 74.00 83 00 pardon him. He was not a viadictive man. He mouths will be charged proportional to the three months malice to none," and that Davis should not ery he might need at his desk. The resolution Local notices, six lines and under, \$1 50; more than six lines, and less than ten, \$2 00; over ten lines, 20 cents per line each insertion.

No advertisements with cuts will be taken. Advertisements discentinued before expiration of contract will be charged for the time inserted according to

Notices must be paid for in advance.

Marriage notices, \$1. Funeral notices, \$1.

THE WEEKLY SENTINEL

INDIANAPOLIS R. R. TIME TABLE. Columbus and Indianapolis Central Railway.

4:30 A. M Day Express 8:00 A. M. Bellefontaine Railroad. Trains Arrive. Trains Leave. Trains Leave. Jeffersonville Railroad Morning Express10.15 A. M. Night Express, 3:30 A. M. Chicago Express, 5:00 P. M. Chicago Express, 12:30 M. Night Express, 9:00 P. M. Evening Express 7:30 P. M.

Peru Railroud. Trains Leave. Trains Arrive. Lafayette Railroad. Trains Leave. Trains Arrive. 12 40 Nost 4 20 A. M. **** *** 4.50 P. M. Terre Haute and Richmond Railroad. 8:15 A. M Accommodation 3:45 A. M.

11 40 A. M Cincinnati Express 10:40 P. M. 3:10 P. M Mail and Express 6 40 P. M. Trains Leave. 4-50 A. M Chicago and St. Louis----- 12:20 P. M 7:40 P. M. Express 10:: 5 P. M 4:00 P. M ... Greensburg Accommodation 9:50 A. M. Louisville, New Albany and Chicago Rallroad. Express Greencastle Junction going north ... 6.00 P. M

FORTY-FOURTH SESSION OF THE INDIANA LEGISLATURE.

Special Session

WEDNESDAY, November 15th. MORNING SESSION. At 9 o'clock A. M., the President called the

Senate to order. The Secretary read the Journal of yester-Some time was spent in making slight corrections of the proceedings of the previous

PETITIONS, MEMORIALS, ETC.

Mr. OYLER offered a petition, numerously signed, to change the law authorizing the grant- | him as a traitor. ing of license to sell liquor.

as any other revenue. Committee on Finance.

Mr COBB said there might be a question in have executed Davis. Mr. CORBIN said the petitions were printed | to the subject

Mr. MILLIKEN introduced a petttion in re- right to defend his friends. gard to the liquor question. Referred to the Committee on Temperance. STANDING COMMITTEES.

Mr. NILES offered a report from the Judiciary Committee, recommending the passage of House Bill 159 Mr. BENNETT submitted a report from the Select committee appointed to superintend the employing of employes of the Senate. Total

number of employes, 25. Mr. BROWN, of Wells, submitted a report from the Select Committee on Stationery. The report restricted the sum of \$40 to each member

Mr. BROWN stated that at the present price of stationery they found that the sum named was as small as they could make it. An active memper would require that amount. The report floor who will set up his judgment in opposition was concurred in.

RESOLUTIONS. tion as follows: has been for months past in the custody of the tions.

and the demands of the loyal people of this State. Davis, and did not believe should be shown any. Johnson, President of the United States, that it was not humanity.

the penalty proscribed by law. Mr. BENNET demanded the avex and noes, some day. He could not indorse the resolution Mr. WILLIAMS asked that the resolution as offered. be again read. instructing the President of the United States question so far as regarded the action of the

in his duties; but that the latter part of the re- | Senate. solution he approved of, and moved to amend Mr. COBB, corrected the gentleman and said A. M., Mr. Speaker in the chair. by stiking out that part asking the President that no one had said on the floor that he was in to specially execute Davis, if found guilty. A resolution was introduced paying persons matter to be left with the President alone,

ment. He thought the man should be executed following result.

ing their opinion. case in which the President could determine Newtin, Staggs, Vawter, Williams .- 24. better than any one in Indiana. He was willing to see Jeff. Davis tried for the purpose of vindifound guilty. It is for the president to deter- Thompson, Ward, Woods, Wright .- 23. mine this matter and interpose the pardoning of this Senate should not weigh a feather's Niagara. Niagara. Were accompanying documents he wanted. He to the weight with Mr. Johnson. He should like to Mr. VAN BUSKIRK, offered a resolution desired also that the history of the State debt tors.

then saids of men in all the Southern States and stamped and administer its technicalities in the South. the Senate, and 8,000 for the Governor. We must be magnanimous and humane, and the Mr. VAWTER moved the resolution be only reason for trying Davis was to make it a ferred to a joint Committee.

the laws and he thought he would. Mr. VAWTER moved to lay on the table. The ayes and noes were demanded as fol-ATES-Allison, Beeson, Bennett, Bonham, mittee

Brown, of Hamilton, Cason, Chapman, Cullen, Culver, Davis, Dunning, Dykes, Hyatt, Niles, on the table. Noyes, Oyler, Reagan, Richmond, Terry, Thompson, Van Buskirk, Vawter, Woods, Ward and Wright-25. of Wells, Carson, Cobb, Corbin, Douglas, Eog- the amount was sufficient.

Jinkins, Marshall, McClurg, Mason, Moore, Newlin, Staggs, Williams-22. Mr. BROWN, of Wells, offered a substitute

ing, in the relation to the case of Jefferson Davis, President of the late so called Confederate States, we have full confidence in President | to the amendment of the gentleman from Law-Johnson's sense and spirit of justice, and may discret towns about the same time it is distributee in safely leave the entire disposition of said Jeffer the city of its publication. This enables readers at a son Davis case in his hands, subject always to distance from the Capital of Indiana to get the news the Constitution of the United States and laws

Mr. BROWN spoke in defense of his substitute, and said, now that peace had been declar- out ed he thought that such matters should be left with those who had been selected to administer the law. He had faith in the President and was willing to leave the matter with him.

Mr OYLER thought it was a little strange in this day that men should have an awakening to charity. These men had committed the foulest acts of treason, and he demanded they the execution of Wirz was a judicial murder. farce of ju tice to put him on his trial and then ding \$10.

go unwhipped of justice. Mr. DUNNING, did not intend to dicues the matter at length. He admitted we ought to be the rules to take up House bill No. 59. was the only one who could exercise the pardoning power. The Legislatures in the Southern States had asked that Davis should be pardoned, to how the matter stood. These same persons would have signed a petiimprisoment for life. He had confidence in PNo paper sent without the money, nor continued Johnson and he thought they had a right for the people to speak to him on this subject. It was tion was, shall the bill pass?

eminently proper if he was convicted of treason, that he should be executed, and that the people were true to themselves, justice and the constitution. He had no malice but this thing did excite malicious feeling in him. He had no mercy Mr. HANNA asked that the Doorkeeper keep

order in the Senate. Mr. CULLEN asked to make a slight explanation. He could not vote for the substitute. He had differed from President Johnson on the question of pardon. The President may be right, yet he had even thought that Davis should have been first tried and executed. He had implicit confidence in President Johnson, yet he would not vote for the substitute of the Trains Arrive. gentleman from Wells (Mr. Brown) The enormity of Davis' crimes demanded expression on this subject. He did not presume by acting on this we were taking it out of the hands of Mr. Johnson. He believed in hanging Davis with-

> Mr. COBB asked if the pardoning power had law had not been vindicated. Mr. CULLEN-That depended on whether the guilt of the parties had been established.

Mr. COBB asked if a person was tried and sentenced by the courts, and afterwards pardoned by the Governor, if that was not a vindica-Mr. CULLEN said be did not intend to detain the Senate, but only wished to put himself right

Mr. HANNA said, as this resolution embraced one of the most serious questions now before the country, he hoped it would be referred to a Committee. He did not think it should be disposed of now. They should take time to sire to speak now-indeed he had no desire to speak at any time on this question in the pres-ence of the inflamed passions of a mob-he Trains Arrive. wished to address himself wholly and exclu-demen on the other side of the House might think this a light matter; he did not view it in that light; he thought it sustained intimate relations to the whole civilization of the country, and the world. He therefore trusted the friends

and the substitute to the Committee on Federal Mr. NILES said that the leading object in female tresson and conspiracy. The execution on the bills.
of Wirz, worthless as was his life, had created Mr. COBB a bulwark of protection around prisoners of war explain his vote on the matter. for all coming time. Davis was the embodied

the moneys so collected on the Duplicate of they could address themselves to their sober was introducing some monster among them; but 1865 in the several counties, shall, when collect- judgment. He thought we should reflect; it that he (Beeson) knew that railroads were great ed be placed in the hands of the Treasurer of the | was an important one. You execute Davis on | civilizers, and that counties through which they several counties, to be and remain a portion of the ground of public policy; but will that be passed were in time Republican; and in considthe General County Fund, and to be disposed of productive of any good? The sword had ac-

Mr RICHMOND moved a reference to the | duty, the duties of the statesman was just comthe petition of a legal nature, and he thought Mr. BENNETT rose to a point of order,

should go on, as he thought every man had a Mr COBB continued-that he had never doubted the humanity of Mr. Lincoln. Mr. Lincoln had said the Southern people would have asked if Davis had been executed why was

not be also. This he had from good authority. had held the conversation with Mr. Lincoln. I get ready.

cautiously pursue. Is there a Senator on this floor who will set up his judgment in opposition to President Johnson's? He thought the acts keeper be instructed to procure fifty-one copies leges.

To President Johnson's? He thought the acts of Gavin and Hord, and place on the desks of Lost. of Mr. Johnson showed a most magnanimous Mr. BENNETT offered a concurrent resolu- policy, and he did not wish to restrain the Presi- the Senators dent without we were confident that such re-

straint was necessary. He thought the matter the so-called Confederate States, is now and should go to the Committee on Federal Rela- Henry, as he did not receive a copy last session. United States, on a charge of treason against Mr. CARSON thought the matter could as resolution covered the amendment. He did not the Government of the United States; therefore, well be determined now as at any time think Senators could legislate advisedly without of this general assembly relative to what they The interests of the State demanded the time Resolved, By the Senate, the House concur- of the Senate in legislating in its behalf. He ring, that in view of the enormity of the crime, had never heard of any mercy being shown by provided the same be charged to each member Mr. COFFROTH, said that this matter

we respectfully request His Excellency Andrew | It might be policy to pardon these traitors, but the said Jefferson Davis, for his alleged treason, Mr. VAN BUSKIRK, hoped the matter bers who have ordered them. be speedly brought to trial before the proper would be referred. Let the committee report civil tribunal, and if committed he shall suffer and then we can set upon the report. He de- ing the Clerk to hand over all bills to Com- mittee on Federal relations. manded the matter be made the special order of mirtees now in his hands.

Mr. BENNETT, was opposed to referring the journed until 2 o'clock to-morrow. Mr. Williams said he did not feel like matter. Now was the time to determine the

favor of pardoning; but that he wished the who and assisted in the organization of the Mr. BENNETT, continued in the strain he set out in for some time.

Mr. BENNETT was opposed to the amend- | | The ayes and noes were demanded with the If found guilty, and the Senate was only express- Aves - Barner, Bowman, Bradley, Brown of Act for the Relief of Soldiers Families. Wells, Carson, Cobb, Cerbin, Douglas, Dun-Mr. COBB thought the resolution should be using, English, Finch, Gifford, Hanna, Hord, smended as proposed. This was a peculiar Jenkins, Marshall, McClurg, Mason, Moore, izing the printing of 15,000 copies of the Mes-Nozs .- Allison, Beeson, Bennett, Bonham, Mr. GREGORY said he came here this set- ally, in which great stress was laid upon econo-Brown of Hamilton, Cason, Chapman, Cullen, sion to guard against unnecessary expeditures. my, reporters, the value of newspapers, etc., the cating the law. He had no doubt the President Culnn, Davis, Dykes Hyatt, Milliken, Niles, Though very favorable to the message he would pardon him even if Jeff. Davis was Noyes, | Oyler, Resgan, Richmond. Terry, should vote against the resolution.

So the matter was referred. power, and the responsibility rests with him. Mr. CARSON, effered a joint resolution on Mr. NEWCOMB was rather indifferent as to plain of the defective returns made by the It is for him to exercise it, and the proceedings the subject of a ship canal around the falls of the number of copies of the Message, but there state census. They attribute the inaccuracies

see the matter put on record. There had been asking that all copies of the Telegraph be wrapped equally guilty with Davis who had been par-doned. It was impossible to vindicate the law copies of the Message be printed for the use of

future warning to evil disposed persons. Upon Mr. BRADLEY moved to pass over the order the President rests an oath to faithfully execute and take up the House bill 59. The resolution on the subject of Mr. BEESON moved to strike out \$40 and

nsert \$29 in the resolution reported by the Com-Mr. CULLEN moved to lay the amendment The ayes and noes were demanded and the amendment was adopted.

Mr. BEESON said be did not intend to say any Nors-Baker, Bowman, Bradley, Brown, thing in defense of his resolution. He thought Mr. OGLER was satisfied that he used more than \$25 worth of stationery at the last session, and he thought the amount named in the resolution was too small. Mr. COBB amended by striking out

Resolved By the Senate, the House concur- \$20 where it occurs in reference to the clerk and inserting \$10. Mr. DUNNING expressed himself as opposed rence (Mr. Cobb). Mr. COBBS' amendment was adopted.

The amendment of Mr. Beeson was adopted Mr. BEESON moved to strike out all that referred to the drawing of money. Adopted. Mr BENNETT moved to amend by striking \$ \$60 where it occurs, and inserting \$50, and the words \$20 and inserting \$40.

The amendment was lost. Mr. BROWN moved the Senate adjourn. AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Senate convened at 2 o'clock P. M. Mr. COBB renewed his motion to pass over the order of business and take up House bill Mr. OYLER reminded the Senate that the stationery question was pendind. The Committee recommended that the Pres ident of the Senate be entitled to \$50, the Sen-

Mr. COBB offered an amendment that the could say with Mr. Lincoln "charity to all and Secretary be authorized to draw all the stationas reported was adopted.

The Senate consented to the suspension of

Mr. OYLER said there was little doubt but was convicted of I executed him. This that the bill would be passed. He knew of no arch traitor bad been the prime mover in the re- one who objected specially to its passage. He Mr. COBB corrected the gentleman, and read

from the proceedings of the last session. Mr. OYLER gave way for an explanation as Some time was employed in flading out how tion asking the commutation of the sentence of far the bill had got on its passage at the last Bowles and Milligan, he from that of death, to session, after which the bill was read a third

> The bill was put on its passage, and the ques-Mr, BENNETT explained that he should vote for the bill, although he opposed it at the Mr. COBB asked the gentleman if he said that the Republican party had agreed that no bill should pass the Senate-until the " Morton bill " had passed.

Mr. BENNETT said be had said so. One or two members rose to a point of o.der, but without any decision. Mr. BENNETT continued his remarks exdanatory of his course on the bill at the last

Mr. VAWTER asked Mr. Bennett who had informed him that the Democrats had agreed that after the passage of the " Lord bill " to ourn the Senate and prevent the passage of Mr. BENNETT refused to answer, and continued to expose the action of his party in the Mr. GREGORY: No. 208, amending the last session, in regard to the passage of the

Mr HANNA asked the gentleman if his connot been exercised by the President, and if the stituents did not restrain him into voting for the the table and placed upon the calendar. Car-Mr. BENNETT-That is what I shall ex-

Mr. HANNA-The Senator (Mr. Bennett) had explained his vote on this bill. In the course of his remarks he said the bill was referred to a Committee that had been drilled to receive it. Mr. BENNETT made another explanation. Mr. HANNA said he did not intend the gentleman should attack him or any other member of the Committee, and declared he had never heard of such a thing.

Mr. BENNETT disclaimed any such remarks as attributed to him. Mr. VAN BUSKIRK, desired a word in exweigh it carefully. For himself, he had no de- planation. He had been charged with a violation of his plited faith as a member of the Union caucus. He knew the action of that caucus would be to defeat the bills and when he knew this he did not feel bound to stand by the caucus actiou. The gentleman had said that the Senator from Franklin, and the Senator from Decature had a little private arrangement of their own. He denied this imputation emphatically. He did not do that kind of business. He would be bound by a Union caucus so long as it was right and no longer. He might be called a "copperhead," or a "democrat" That mattered not to him. He should act as he

> thought to be right, etc. etc. Mr. CULLEN said there was an explanation due. He did not think the Senator (Mr. Van

> Mr. CORBIN rose to explain his vote given . Mr. COBB suggested that no Democrat need

Mr. CORBIN said he was not ashamed head of the only rebellion against freedom that explain his vote. He intended to act consistthe world has ever seen, and as a guarantee of ently. He was opposed to the bill from the He thought there should be some restraint in

eration of this he should vote for the bill.

The bill was put on its final passage with the following result: Aves-Allison, Barker, Bennett, Bowman, Bradley, Brown of Hamilton, Brown of Wells, Carson, Cason, Chapman, Cobb, Culver, Davis, ford, Hanna, Hord, Hyatt, Jenkins, Marshall, Niles, Reagan, Staggs, Thompson, Van Buskirk, Vawter, Ward, Williams, Wright-38.

Nors - Beeson, Bonham, Corbin, Cullen, Mr. CHURCH: That stationery be furnished Douglas, Noyes, Oyler, Richmond, Terry, to the reporters of the Telegraph, Herald and Mr. CASON asked consent to make his report tionery

The rules were taken up and adopted by section, as amended. Mr. MASON offered a resolution that 100 copies of the rules, as amended, be printed for

Mr. OYLER introduced a bill to confirm the Julian, on Friday next, for the purpose of de-

Mr. WRIGHT called up House Bill No. 79. Mr. COBB offered a resolution that the door-

the statutes. Mr. WILLIAMS offered an amendment that and arch traitor of the rebellion. on his stationery account. Mr. NILES moved to amend, that copies of the Statutes be placed on the desk of all mem-

The resolution was adopted On motion of Mr. CULLEN the Senate ad-

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. WEDNESDAY, November 15 .- House met at 9

Petitions were presented by Messrs. Gregory, Boyd, Goves, Hamrick, Rice, James, Osborne, Cox, Rhodes, Atkinson, Mongomery, Branham, Welch, Sabin, Borton and Mr. Speaker on the subject of temperance, and for the repeal of the

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE. Mr. NEW COMB presented a resolution authorsage and accompanying documents. Mr. GRIFFITH, too, was for economy. He thought 14,000 enough.

The Governor, he understood, also desired 600 Telegraphic Dispatches The Governor, he understood, also desired 600

copies for his own use. Mr KILGORE said, we need, he thought, a large number of copies. But at the last session the words "accompanying documents" were liberally construed by the public printer, and the similar order of that session had involved a very large cost.

Mr. HAMRICK, propossed fifty copies by way of amendment to Mr. Griffith's amend-Mr. BROWN : It might not be necessary to print so many copies of the accompanying documents, but he considered that fifteen thousand A RADICAL TENNESSEEAN. copies of the message was not an extravagant

there were but few papers of the State that would not print this message. He desired to ommence retrenchment on this point. He wanted to do some sharp financiering this session Mr. PRATHER, proposed to amend the original resolution by striking out, the words: "accompanying documents." But fifteen thous amd copies of the message would not be found to be an extravagant number.

Mr. NEWCOMB accepted the amendment. Mr BOYD-None were more favorable to economy than himself, but he wanted a number sufficient for the reading and filing away by every citizen. It brings up the forgotten history of the State. Mr. NEWCOMB said he was informed by the

printer that no documents had been printed without specific authorization by one or the Mr. MILLER proposed 10,000 copies by way of compromise Mr. SPEAKER-There is already amendment to the amendment.

circulation of papers had been greatly lessened since the war. Mr. HENDRICKS demanded a division on Mr. SPEAKER: There is no motion to strike Mr. CHAMBERS did not see that there was

any great emergency to print. He would there fore first like to know what would be the cost. Mr BROWN: It would be about \$8 50 a Mr. SPEAKER: The words " accompanying documents" being stricken out, the question

will be on the largest number. and the result was as follows: Ayes-Abbett, Atkinson, Boyd, Brown, Burnes, Chambers, Church, Coffroth, Cowgill, Crook, Ferris. Foulke, Goodman, Gregory of Montgomery, Gregory of Warren, Griffith, Groves, Harrison, Henricks, Hoover, Kilgore, Lemon, Litson, Lockbart, Lopp, Major, Meredith, Montgomery, McVey, Newcomb, Olleman, Indian treaty. Sim, Stivers, Stuart, Stringer, Sullivan of P. & Ferry. The work is already begun.

Nocs-Bird, Bonner, Burton, Burwell, Caldwell, Collies, Cox, Croan, Daividson, Glaze brook, Gregg, Hamrick, Hargrove, Hersbey, Higgins, Hogate, Howard, Humphreys, Hunt, James, Lane, Lee, Miller, Milroy, O'Brien, Osborn, Patterson, Richards, Richardson, Roach, Sabin, Stuckey, Sullivan of Scott, White-34.

NEWSPAPERS. Mr. HARRISON offered a resolution instructing the doork eeper to contract with the proprietors of the Daily Telegraph, Herald and Journal for three copies for each member-two enveloped and stimped. Adopted. Yeas, 59; in our army when the war broke out.

BILLS INTRODUCED. Mr. WOODS: No. 206, amending section 7 yesterday. of act relative to the construction of bridges. Mr. COFFROTH: No. 207, regulating for eign Insurance Companies doing business in Incommon school law. Mr. NEWCOMB moved that his bill, No. 77

introduced at the regular session, be taken from Mr. HARRISON, by a like motion, had House bill 33 placed on the calendar. BILLS ON RECOND READING.

Nos. 150, 181, 154, 163, 171, 173, 174, 177 143, 179, 181, 184, 185, 189, 190, 192, 193, 194, 196, introduced at the regular session, were taken up and appropriately referred, or otherthe pardon of Glarence J. Howell, and a letter wise disposed of. addressed by said Howell to Secretary Seward. RESOLUTION. Mr. GRIFFITH: That the resolution of this House respecting newspapers, shall apply to

the elective officers of this House, as well as to members. Adopted unanimously On motion of Mr. COFFROTH, the House AFTERNOON SESSION. The House met at 21% o'clock, Mr. Speaker

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE Mr. HENRICKS moved that the House resolve itself into Committe of the Whole for the purpose of taking up the Message of His Excellency, the Governor Carried; and Mr. Speaker called the gentle-

man from St. Joseph, (Mr. Henricks) to the Mr. MILLER moved that the reading of the Message be dispensed with. Mr. PRATHER said he had no official notification of the printing thereof. He therefore

desired it read. Question on reading negatived. The document was then taken up and on notion, so much as relates to finance was referred to the Committe of Ways and Means. So much as relates to apportionment was referred to a Committee of one from each Conressional District.

So much as relates to colored witnesses was tial Rooms vesterday referred to the Committee on Organization of Courts of Justice. with these words: "That, for their broad em-Somuch as relates to the Soldiers' Relief Law was referred to the Committee on Ways and his accomplices have justly forfeited their lives, and deserve, and ought to suffer, the ex-So much as relates to the Soldiers' and Sea-

mans' Home was referred to a Select Committreme penalty of the law." But little was done in cotton to-day. Quo-tations nominal; prices 30 to 40c. Only twen-So much as relates to official bonds, was referred to the Committee on Organization of ty-five bales shipped, and one hundred and Courts of Justice. eight received. So much as relates to Emigration, was reinches on the shoals. ferred to the Committee on Rights and Privi-

So much as relates to the Worlds' Fair, was referred to the Committee on Agriculture. So much as relates to the School Fund, was referred to the Committee on Education. so much as relates to Indiana Troops, was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs. So much as relates to the re organization of So much as relates to the re organization of the Legislature, was referred to the Committee Dodd, Agent of the Navajoes, left here to-day

on Federal Relations. The document having been exhausted, Mr. LANE moved that the Committee rise, report proceedings, and ask to be discharged. Carried, report made, House concurred, and Committee discharged.

RESOLUTIONS. Journal Referred to the Committee on Sta-

from the Committee on the Revision of the Mr. SHUEY: Relative to the amount of stationery each member shall receive, appointing a Committee in the regard, ordered to report tomorrow morning. Referred to a Committee appointed on the subject. Mr. CHAMBERS: That the use of the Hall of the House be tendered to Hon George W.

Mr. GILGORE moved in amendment that Mr. Julian should be instructed so to express Mr. RICHMOND moved to take up Senate himself that his views might be understood without ambiguity or after explanation. Mr. COFFROTH moved to refer the resolu- Choice Selection of Goods tion to the Committee on Rights and Privi-

Finally, the original resolution, with Mr. Mr. OYLER moved to amend by saying that Kilgore's amendment, was adopted.

Mr. GROVES offered a joint resolution calling for the speedy trial of Jefferson Davis, and, Mr. COBB thought it was unnecessary, as his upon conviction, his speedy penishment. He said that he desired to get an expression thought ought to be done with the prime mover

was in the bands of the President, in whom he had all confidence, and would be placed in the hands of the judiciary. He thought that the Real Estate Agents resolution was not one for debate but that, un-Mr. CASON introduced a resolution instruct- der the standing rule, it ought to go to the com-Mr, NEWCOMB, (in the chair) decided that. as the gentleman from Huntington had said, the resolution, under the rule must go to the desig-

nated committee. BILLS ON SOCOND READING. EXPRESS COMPANIES. Nos. 198, 201, 37, 77, 168, 33, 182 were taken up and disposed of by reference or otherwise. American Express Company, SENATE BILLS. Were taken up and 103, under suspension of

rules, read by title and referred. UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMP'Y. NEWSPAPERS AGAIN. A communication was read from Holloway, A communication was read from Holloway,
Douglass & Co., setting forth a contract with
the door keeper to furnish the number of papers
demanded under the resolution adopted, at 81/2
cents a copy daily.

It was stated that the publishers of the Daily
Telegraph and Herald agreed to the same terms.

After lengthy debate, participated in gener-

contract was rejected. On motion of Mr. Shulz, the House adjourned. The Hilinois journals are beginning to comwere accompanying documents he wanted. He to the employment of incompetent enumera-

After lengthy debate, participated in gener-

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE HERALD. Afternoon Report.

Mr. GREGORY, of Warren, repeated that THE NAVAJO INDIANS Charge Against Gen. Baker.

Etc.,

TANGE OF THE NAME OF A FORT-MILITARY AFFAIRS - RESIGNATIONS - NAVAL COURT-Mr. OLLEMAN desired 20,000 copies. The MARTIAL - MEXICAN AFFAIRS - CHARGE AGAINST GEN. BAKER -- PRESTON KING'S DEATH, &C. NEW YORK, Nov. 15th. - The Tribune's special says: By order of the Secretary of War, Fort Rich mond, in New York harbor, has been changed

The North Carolina Committee failed to gain an interview with the President again yesterday, on account of a Cabinet session. Orders are issued to General Leslie, Paymaster General Department of the East, directing him to order Paymasters Haywood, Enons, Hapgood, Holman, Hoyt, Dye, Dervey, Thayer, Late of A & H. Schnull. Stevens and Van Atslyne, in the Eastern De Mr. NEWCOMB demanded the yeas and nays partment to close up their accounts and prepare for muster out. Similar reductions have been made in other

From New York.

Etc.

The Washington special says: Major-General Sanborne has been appointed, by the President, agent to harmonize the freedmen made free in the Choctaw and Cherokee nations, by a recent Perigo, Pinney, Prather, Reese, Rhoads, Rice, Riford, Shoaff of Allen, Shoaff of Jay, Shuey, to rebuild the National Armory at Harper's V. Upson, Veach, Weikel, Welch, Woodruff, Wright, Woods, Zeigler, Mr. Speaker-56.

The World's Washington special says: Intelligence from the South represents General Howard's tour of inspection among the freed

Paymasters Blair and Oakley have resigned

men as being of great benefit. discharged yesterday. They belonged to the Veteran Reserves. The Farragut Court Martial was yesterday engaged on the case of Commodore Craven. No. 3 Alvord's Block, S. Meridian St. Upon its conclusion the court will probably be The President has informed the rebel Longstreet that, as he belonged to the old army, he

time. He has only pardoned three or four graduates of West Point, and they were not Domestic Goods, A Washington special says: General Steele, formerly commanding a portion of the Federal force on the Rio Grande, arrived in the city He represents the Imperial force at Matamo ras completely beleaguered, and expresses the opinion that the French will be compelled to surrender to the Liberals, who held both sides

The Liberals received authentic information three weeks ago that the imperialists had been reduced to one-third rations, and they are completely cut off from Vera Cruz and Tampico. There seems to be no doubt of their final surrender. The Times' Washington special says: Lucy S. Cobb, a noted pardon broker, made oath before the grand jury, yesterday, that Brevet Brigadier General S. C. Baker did, forcibly and feloneously, take from her, November 8th treasury notes to the amount of \$200; and Joseph S. Cobb, her husband, makes oath that said party did, in like manner, take from him

It is quite likely that the grand jury will bring in an indictment. The Times' special says: Secretary McCulloch replied to a request of the Governor of South Carolina to permit that State to assume the direct tax levied by Congress, stating that under the existing law the Government has not the power to grant that privilege The Herald's special says: Charles J. Faulkner, ex-Minister to France, is here looking after his case. He had a letter from Mr. Lincoln granting his pardon, afterwards indicted by the U. S. District Court for treason. No ac-

tion has since been had in his case, neither has his pardon been sanctioned by President John-The unfortunate death of Preston King cre ated a profound sensation here where he had a host of friends. The President, who knew him intimately, was shocked when he heard the been aware for some time that Mr. King has been deeply depressed on account of trouble growing out of the duties of his office. A suc-

TRIAL OF COLONEL CRANE-TENNESSEE LEG-

ISLATURE.

NASHVILLE, November 14.—The trial of

Heavy rain last night and to-day.

their wild life.

nov13 dlm

From Kansas.

INDIAN AFFAIRS - RAILROAD MEETING AT

LEAVENWORTH.

LAWRENCE, Kansas, November 14.—Colonel

with a train of twenty-five wagons laden with

BOOTS AND SHOES.

No. 5 West Washington Street.

Keeps on hand the most

IN THE CITY.

and prices, and satisfy yourselves that what we say is correct. THOMAS HUNTER & CO.

REAL ESTATE ACENTS.

B. M. SPICER & CO.,

AND NOTARIES PUBLIC,

No. 20 1-2 North Illinois Street,

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

AND THE

South Meridian Street. cessor will not be appointed for several days. NO. 2 ALVORD'S BLOCK From Nashville,

Colonel Crane commenced at the Court Mar-WHOLE ZALE DEALERS IN Mr. Trimble offered a resolution in the Senate against the confederate leaders, closing inence and great crimes against their fellow men and the United States, Jefferson Davis

AND VANKEE NOTIONS, Offer to the trade a superb stock of The Cumberland is rising slowly, with 32 PRINTS. DELAINES.

> Ticks, Canton Flannels, Drills, Red White and Gray Flannels, Jeans, Satinets, Shawls, White Wool Blankets, Batting, Cotton Yarns.

agricultural implements, annuity goods, and presents for that tribe. About 800 of the Navajoes have agreed to settle down and abandon And a full line of There was a big railroad meeting last night at Leavenworth, at which Senator Lane made a speech and passed resolutions in favor of DRESS GOODS building the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston Railroad, and the immediate construction of the railroad bridge across the Kansas

CITY SHOE STORE CROCERIES. J. A. CROSSLAND.

> INDIANAPOLIS, IND CLOAKS, ETC. FORESTER & LENT.

CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS, AND JOBBERS IN Cloths, Silks, Cloaks and Dress Trimmings

Opposite Palmer House. PROFESSIONAL. MCDONALD, ROACHE & SHEEKS. Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Second Story, Atna Building,

INDIANA CENTRAL;

LAFAYETTE & CHICAGO;

INDIANAPOLIS & PREU;

TERRE HAUTE & RICHMOND;

BELLEPONTAINE & INDIANAPOLIS.

Money, packages, valuables and freight carried with safety and dispatch, and in charge of special and efficient Practice in the Inferior and Supreme Courts of Indians and in the Federal Courts. nov13-dd-wif RAY & GORDON. Notes, Rills and Drafts will be promptly collected and ready returns made.

J. BUTTERPIELD, Agent. ATTORNEYS AT LAW INDIANAPOLIS, IND. DRINTING of all descriptions neatly done at the

TAX NOTICE.

TAXES FOR 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I AM NOW READY TO RECEIVE THE SEVERAL

TAXES OF 1865 FOR MARION COUNTY.

The Taxes for the Year 1865 are as follows, viz:

GROCERIES & LIQUORS. Center Township, inside the City of Indianapolis, per \$109. 25.

Poll, inside the City of Indianapolis... 75

cutside "per \$100 25. Poll, outside the City of Indianapolis 75 Franklin Perry. Pike Washington" Wayne Warren

GEORGE F. MEYER.

Indianapolis, November 9th, 1865-nov9-diwaw6w BOOKS AND STATIONERY. JOHN J. PARSONS. DAN'L MACAULEY. NAT. SHURTLEST NEW WHOLESALE

Lawrence

BLANK BOOK

STATIONERY HOUSE.

INDIANAPOLIS.

French Cop. Inks, Bank Books,

David's Blue Ink, Paper Fasteners,

Letter

Scrap

Skeleton do.

Rulers, Rubber,

Rulers, Wood,

Eyelet Sets and

Office Tape,

Spring Tapes,

Sponge Cups,

Propellers.

Slate Pencils.

Check Cancelors.

Eyelets,

Portfelies,

Pure Carmine Ink, Invoice Books,

Diaries for 1866,

Envelopes,

Letter Paper,

Note Paper,

Record Cap.

Star Pencils.

Letter Openers.

Rhodes' Oil Boards, etc., etc.

chasing elsewhere.
Orders by mail filled promptly

500 DOZEN SPELLERS.

1,000,000 ENVELOPES,

School Books of Every Kind,

At the Lowest Prices.

BOOKS AND PAPER

WHOLESALE.

500 DOZEN GROGRAPHIES,

2,000 REAMS WRITING PAPER,

500 REAMS PLAT PAPERS,

500 DOZEN BOTTLES INK.

200 DOZEN SLATES,

30,000 SLATE PENCILS.

30 GROSS BONNET BOARDS.

MASONIC.

1,000 REAMS WRAPPING PAPER,

300 DOZEN GRAMMARS,

Merchants, Insurance Offices, County Offices, Railro

Chess Boards,

Crayons,

pov13 dlm.

Legal Cap.

Bill Cap,

WHOLESALE SCHOOL BOOK, PAPER

Dress Goods.

Indianapolis.

might consider himself pardoned at the proper Foreign Goods.

Alvord's Block.

CROCERIES, ETC.

E. B. ALVORD & CO.

Wholesale Dealers in

No. 1 Alvord's Block

Corner Meridian and Georgia Sts.

DRY COODS.

E. B ALVORD

J. C. ALVOED

In beautiful styles and great variety of the river, and environ them on all sides. CLOTHS

Gent's Furnishing Goods, Worthy the attention of Merchant Tailors. A Complete Stock of

NOTIONS, Dress and Cloak Trimmings, FITZHUGH, PATTISON & CO. nov13 dlm

intelligence. The Treasury Department has TOUSEY, BYRAM & CO.

David's Black Ink, Paper Clips, Indianapolis, Indiana, Faber Pencils. Union Pencils, Carpenter's do. Rubber Goods, DRY GOODS

Steel Pens. Pen Holders. Scaling Wax. Ink Stands. Copying Presses, Pen Racks, P. O. Boxes. Envelope Boxes, Erasers,

And Yankee Notions.

CROSSLAND, MAGUIRE & Co., WHOLESALE GROCERS. A T PRICES that can not fall to secure the patronage of all good judges. Call and examine our stock Cor. Meridian and Maryland Sts.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

34 West Washington Street, INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

Pennsylvania St.,

TREASURER OF MARION COUNTY ACRICULTURAL WORKS Metropolitan

Agricultural Works,

to, 86 West Washington Street,

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

Clipper Drag Saw.

Farm and Spring Wagons

CASE, MARSH & WIGGINS

II PA liberal discount to the trade.

Our MACHINE stands at the head of the market, having taken the first premium at our late State Fair, over eight competitors; also, the first premium at the Kentucky State Fair, and numerous County Fairs, it combines strength with portability, and has several peculiar advantages which are secured by Letters Patent

PARSONS, MACAULEY & Co.,

No. 13 West Maryland Street, All Work Warranted. Send for Price List.

TAILORING. STOLWORTHY & PIERSON, OFFER TO THE TRADE a fine selection of good-at the lowest prices of Chicago, Cincinnati or New York. Our Line of Stationery consists in part of

nov13 duf

Demy and Medium Blanks. No. 17 North Meridian Street. Folio and Quarto. full bound and Eng. Blot. Paper, half bound, Eng. Blot. Pads, Memorandums, Near the Journal Office, Arnold's Inks, Pass Books,

> INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA INSURANCE. Northwestern

Merchant Tailors.

MUTUAL LIFE Insurance Company.

ASSETS OVER - - - - \$800,000 Rhodes' Mucilage.

THIS ENTERPRISING COMPANY, IN A LITTLE over six years, has issued over 13,000 Policies and paid near \$200,000 in Losses. It is prompt in all its business transactions, paying its losses as cheerfully as it receives the premiums on its policies, departing in no respect from the general principles upon which all the great Mutual Life Insurance of America have based beir success. It claims the advantages of increased rates of interest on its lossestments, over Eastern Com-Men, Bankers, and all others in want of goods in our line will do well to call and see our stock before purrates of interest on its investments, over Eastern Com-panies; and, also, a less rate of mortality than is expe-tienced in the East—two very important items to con-sider in the selection of a Life Insurance Company. Over two hundred of the Northwestern Policies are now held in Indianapolis.

S. S. DAGGET, Pres't A. W. KELLOGO, Secretary. Principal Office, 416 Main street, Milwankee. Chicago office, 92 Dearhorn street. Cincinnati Office, 86 West Third street.

MARTIN & HOPKINS.

State Agents for Indiana. Office, No. 7 Temperance Hall, INDIANAPOLIS.

Cincinnati or Chicago Wholesale Prices. INSURE WITH THE

Of Hartford, Conn.

TE TELLS YOU THE EVENTS OF LIFE, AND Office Ætna Building.

THE UNITED STATES DYN-HOUSE, NO. 3650UTE

Bowen, Stewart & Co.'s. INDIANAPOLIS, IND. Old Reliable

ASTROLOGICAL. ASTROLOGY. Look Out! Good News for All

232. YOUNG LEONIDAS, 232. GREAT AND REAL ASTROLOGIST. Cash Assets, - 84,000,000. His skill by thousands has been tried, Yes, thousands more he'll meet; For in Astrology all mortals can confide, With Prof. Leonidas, 232 North Illinois street.

The Tells for the events of life, And can never be surpassed by any in this mystical science of the stars. He is the seventh son of the seventh son for seven generations, and born with a veil of light. He has been visited by the most eminent men-Doctors, Lawyers, Ministers, Principals of the best Theological and Public Seminaries, Colleges, Academies and Schools. He shows you the likeness of your future Wife and Husband, and understands the selence of Astrology as the Egytians, Persians and Arabians, from books and oracles, constantly relied on by the Emperor Napoleon, Queen Ritabeth and Dr. Dee, and numerous others.

Office 122 North lilinois street. Astrological consultation—Ladies, one dollar; Gentlemen, two dollars.

Novi3 dim

FINE PROTOGRAPH OF WASHINGTON AS A An Agent wanted in every Lodge in the West.

R. A. CAMPRELL,

R. West Wanted State of Price.

Red and repaired.

New and second-hand clothing bought an a patientar branch in the beatered described ing—billian stable cloth, or tear in any particular branch in the beatered described ing—billian stable cloth, or tear in any particular branch in the beatered described ing—billian stable cloth, or tear in any particular branch in the beatered described ing—billian stable cloth, or tear in any particular branch in the beatered described ing—billian stable cloth or tear in any particular branch in the beatered described ing—billian stable cloth or tear in any particular branch in the beatered described in the beater branch in the beatered described in the branch in the beatered described in the beater branch in the b

as one month... And deliverable to city subscribers at 25 cents per Mr. BRC week, or \$1 25 per month. If paid strictly in advance as follows:

1.80 1.75 2.5) 3.25 4.60 4.75 5.50 6.23 7.00 should pay the penalty. He undertook to say 1.23 2.36 3.25 4.25 5.25 6.25 7.25 8.25 9.25 that if Jefferson Davis was not brought to trial 1.75 3.25 4.76 5.5 7.25 9.25 10.75 12.50 14.25 16.05 He believed one was as guilty as the other 5.75 3.50 11 25 14.00 16.75 19.50 22.25 25 00 Why should not the voice of the loyal State of # 4.30 7.5 11.00 14.50 18.00 21.50 25.00 28.50 32 00 Indian be heard in this matter? It is making a ators \$20, and the Secretaries a sum not exceed-

All transfest and occasional Advertisements and Local charitable, still he was in favor, it Jeff. Davis The rates of advertising in the Weekly Sentinel will be bellion. He wanted the sentence to be executed knew that there were two or three amendments half the rates charged in the Dally Berald for one week or longer time.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of con-

on the record.

of the measure would agree to the referencelet them present their report, and we will present ours. He moved to refer the resolution the trial and punishment of criminals is the Buskirk) would make anything out of his indeprotection afforded to the public. Without it pendence. He did not think it was right to society would fall into chaos, and he thought | make anattack on the Union caucus. He made that the greatest criminal of ten centuries ought | this explanation in order to correct any misrenot to escape with impunity. The hanging of presentation. Mrs. Surratt had fixed an indelible stigma on

peace and freedom in the future, he would try start. He felt it his duty to protect the interests imsas a traitor, and if convicted, would, as of the people in the countles through which the Mr. Johnson once told him in the Senate, hang | road would pass if it was in his power to do so. and Means. Mr. COBB. Should like to see the matter the bill. referred. It was an important question, and Mr. BEESON said the course of Senators was Mr. COBB offered a petition from the Board | members should have time to reflect. He no- only explaining their votes, and he would exof County Commissioners of Lawrence county, ticed a feeling of excitement on the part of plain why he should withdraw an active opposipraying for the repeal of "An Act for the Re- members, but he thought in time it would die tion to the bill. Mr. Lord had said to him that lief of the Families of Soldiers, Seamen and out. He did not stand in the Senate Chamber he met with great opposition to his road in Marines, &c.," approved March 4th, 1865, and as he did last winter, and for the past four years. Franklin county, as the people of that county asking for the passage of a law providing that | The people had began again to reason, and now had never heard of a railroad, and thought he

complished its work; the soldier had done his ing. He believed that Mr. Lincoln would not they had better go to the Judiciary Committee that the gentleman was not confining himself Dunning, Dykes, English, Fineh, Fuller, Gifand should like to have some of them on his Mr. THOMPSON thought the gentleman McClerg, Mason, Milhken, Moore, Newlin,

> Mr. DUNNING asked the gentleman who Mr COBB-1 will answer the question when Mr. DUNNING wanted a good reason why the President should exercise the pardoning the use of the Senate. Mr. COBB said that might be a different sale of railroads, to enable purchasers of the livering a political speech. question to answer. The President must first same to be incorporated, etc. Passed to a secinvestigate the matter. He was not prepared to ond reading. say that President Johnson had done wrong in pardoning any one It was a question we should | Bill 152.